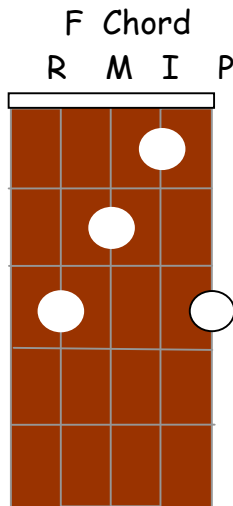
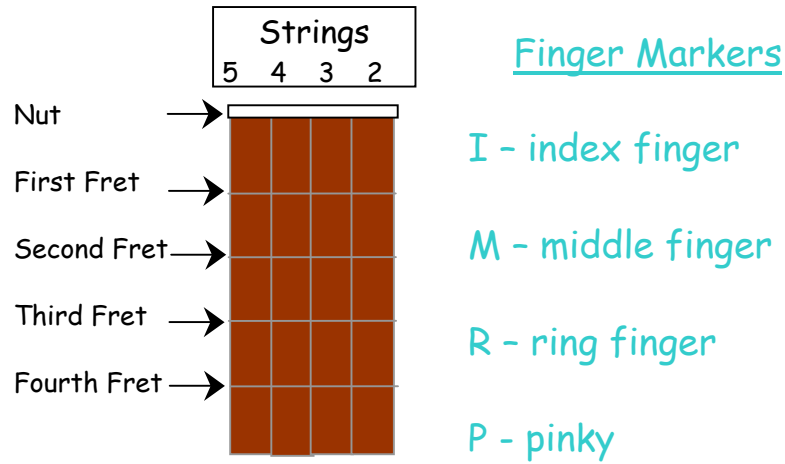
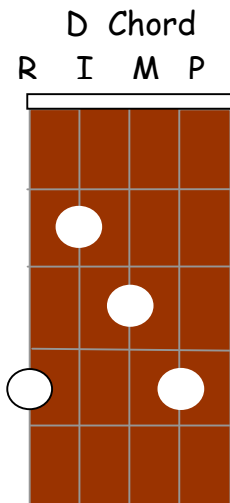


Deejay's Chords and Scales



F finger Position on different Frets

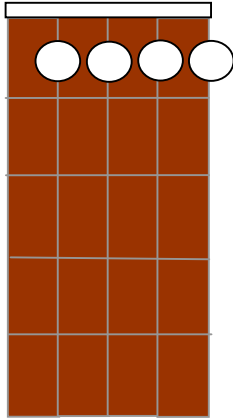
1st Fret - F	11 th Fret - D# or Eb
2nd Fret - F# or Gb	12 th Fret - E
3rd Fret - G	13 th Fret - F
4th Fret - G# - Ab	14 th Fret - F# or Gb
5th Fret - A	15 th Fret - G
6th Fret - A# - Bb	16 th Fret - G# - Ab
7th Fret - B	17 th Fret - A
8th Fret - C	18 th Fret - A# - Bb
9th Fret - C# or Db	19 ^h Fret - B
10th Fret - D	20 th Fret - C



D finger Position on different Frets

<u>Starts on the 2nd fret</u>	11 th Fret - B
2nd Fret - D	12 th Fret - C
3rd Fret - D# or Eb	13 th Fret - C# or Db
4th Fret - E	14 th Fret - D
5th Fret - F	15 th Fret - D# or Eb
6th Fret - F# or Gb	16 th Fret - E
7th Fret - G	17 th Fret - F
8th Fret - G# - Ab	18 th Fret - F# or Gb
9th Fret - A	19 ^h Fret - G
10th Fret - A# - Bb	20 th Fret - G# - Ab

The Barr Chord



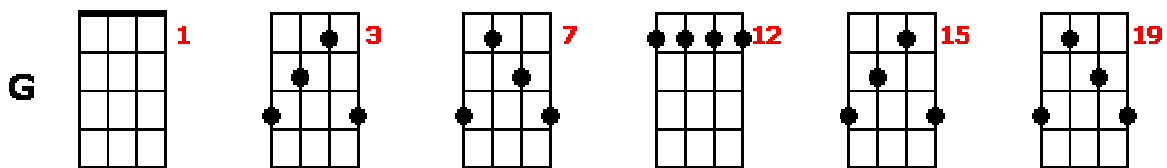
D finger Position on different Frets

Open G Tuning	11 th Fret - F# or Gb
1 st Fret - open G chord	12 th Fret - G
1 st Fret - G# - Ab	13 th Fret - G# - Ab
2 nd Fret - A	14 th Fret - A
3 rd Fret - A# - Bb	15 th Fret - A# - Bb
4 th Fret - B	16 th Fret - B
5 th Fret - C	17 th Fret - C
6 th Fret - C# or Db	18 th Fret - C# or Db
7 th Fret - D	19 ^h Fret - D
8 th Fret - D# or Eb	20 th Fret - D# or Eb
9 th Fret - E	21 st Fret - E
10 th Fret - F	22 nd Fret - F

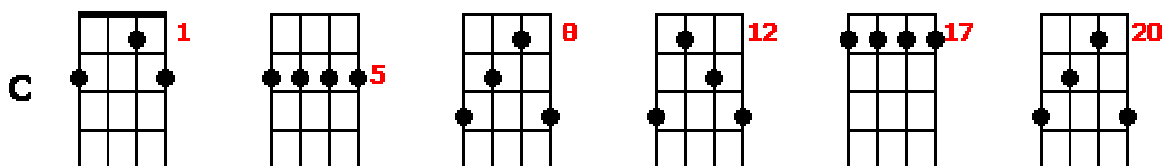
More Chords

You can play the same chord in many places on the fretboard. These different patterns and positions are know as chord Inversions up the neck.

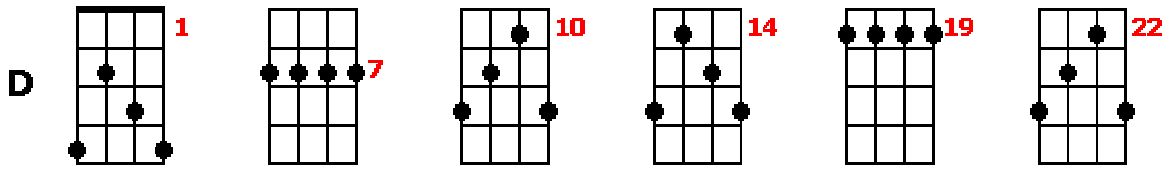
G inversions



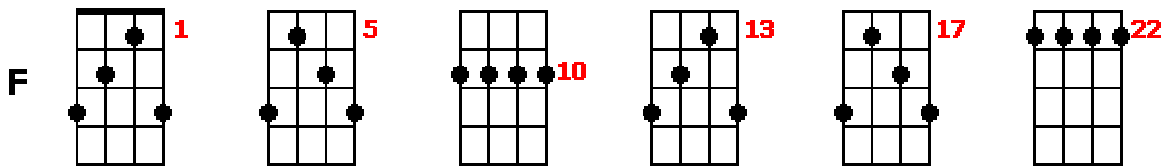
C inversions



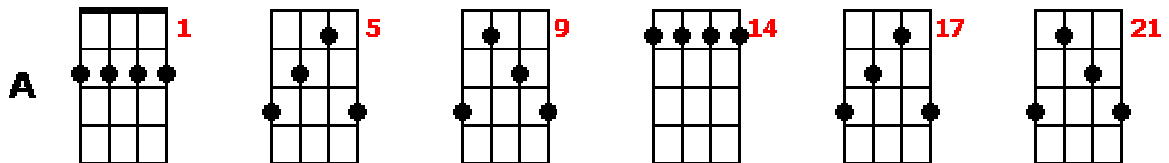
D inversions



F inversions



A inversions

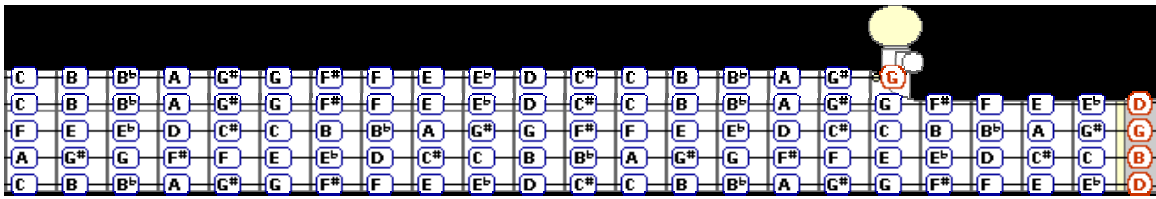


Scales

Finding scales on the fretboard

Here are all the notes on the fretboard. A bit hard to remember them all huh?

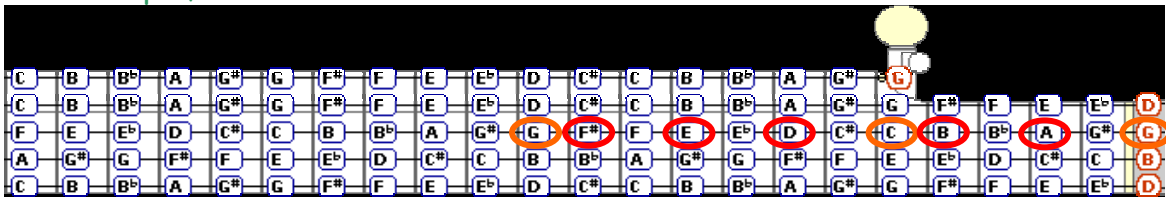
Well we can remember the open notes we use to tune G, D, G, B and D and use the $2\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{1}{2}$ rule to find the other notes in a scale.



The step between each fret is a half step musically. So to find the scale of a note (for example the G scale) use the $2\frac{1}{2}$ - $3\frac{1}{2}$ rule.

Count 1, 2, $2\frac{1}{2}$, 1, 2, 3, $3\frac{1}{2}$,

For example, let's find the scale of G



So that gives us: G, A, B, C, D, E, F#, G

These are the notes for the G scale